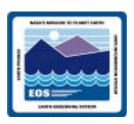


# Release B Planning and Scheduling Hardware Selection Gary Roth

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22 April 1996

# **Hardware Sizing Analysis**



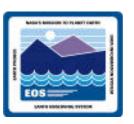
#### **Scheduling Drivers**

- AutoSys Job Volume
  - Dependent on number of PGE activations, number of job activations per PGE, and reprocessing
- AutoSys GUIs RAM requirements
  - Dependent on the number of jobs for which status is displayed
- Backup and Recovery In Support of Scheduling
  - Second machine required to run AutoSys Shadow Event Processor which performs automatic backup and recovery
- Growth
  - Support increases in production processing and reprocessing

#### **Planning Drivers**

- PDPS (Planning and Data Processing Subsystem) Database
  - Contains critical data (PGE attributes, etc.)
  - Peak transaction load occurs when creating a 30 day plan
- Backup and Recovery In Support of PDPS Database
  - Second machine required to run Sybase replication server for PDPS database which performs automatic backup and recovery
  - Maintains duplicate database to ensure safety of critical PGE information
- Growth
  - Support increases in production processing and reprocessing

# Planning/Scheduling Assumptions

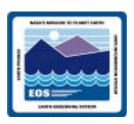


Assumptions (based on 2/96 technical baseline for Epoch k, 3rd qtr '99):

- Working with MODIS to limit PGE activations to 4,000 at GSFC
- GSFC and LaRC operate 24 hours per day 7 days a week

DAAC	# of PGE	# of jobs	Repro-	Total # of
<u>Site</u>	<b>Activations</b>	per PGE	<u>cessing</u>	<u>jobs/day</u>
GSFC	4,004	4	2	32,032
LaRC	778	4	3	9,336

### **AutoSys GUIs RAM Analysis**



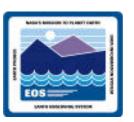
#### **Assumptions (at Epoch k):**

- Four GUIs are active on one platform (worst case)
- Status of 32,032 GSFC or 9,336 LaRC jobs being displayed
- Each GUI requires 20,000 kbytes of RAM as a base plus 5.5 kbytes for each job

[20,000 kbytes + (5.5 kbytes/job x 32,032 jobs)] x 4 GUIs = 785 Mbytes of RAM at GSFC

[20,000 kbytes + (5.5 kbytes/job x 9,336 jobs)] x 4 GUIs = 286 Mbytes of RAM at LaRC

# PDPS DBMS Peak Transaction Load Analysis



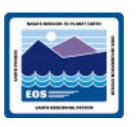
Assumptions (at Epoch k, 3rd qtr '99):

- The Planning Workbench function of creating a 30 day plan imposes the greatest peak transaction load on the PDPS database
- A 30 day plan requires the input of 45 days worth of data
- Transaction loads double due to Sybase replication (database backup)

GSFC peak PDPS DBMS transaction load is 9,009,000 per 30 day plan creation

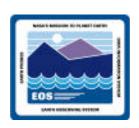
LaRC peak PDPS DBMS transaction load is 1,751,000 per 30 day plan creation

## **Hardware Assumptions**



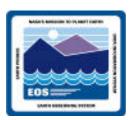
- AutoSys customer experience has indicated AutoSys can sustain 45 jobs per minute while running on a 75 MHz Sun Sparc 20/712 2-CPU machine.
- It is estimated that our throughput will be 29 jobs per minute (42,120 jobs/day) when using the AutoSys high availability option (shadow event processor)
- It is estimated a 4-CPU Sun UltraServer would have a throughput of 187,200 jobs/day.
- A 75 MHz Sun Sparc 20/712 2-CPU machine is rated at 305 transactions per second (TPS). It would take approximately 2 hours to process LaRC's 30 day plan creation peak load of 1,751,000 transactions (1,751,000/(305 tps x 60 sec/min).
- It is estimated that a 4-CPU Sun UltraServer TPS rating equals 1,360. It would take approximately 2 hours to process GSFC's 30 day plan creation peak load of 9,009,000 transactions.

# Hardware Assumptions (con't.)



GSFC	<u>Required</u>	Provided <u>Capacity</u>
<ul> <li>Job Throughput</li> <li>Time to process a 30 day plan</li></ul>	32,032 jobs/day	187,200 jobs/day
(9,009,000 DBMS transactions)	reasonable	111 min.
LaRC		
<ul> <li>Job Throughput</li> <li>Time to process a 30 day plan</li></ul>	9,336 jobs/day	42,120 jobs/day
(1,751,000 DBMS transactions)	reasonable	96 min.

# GSFC Hardware Configuration (and EDC and NSIDC)



#### **Planning**

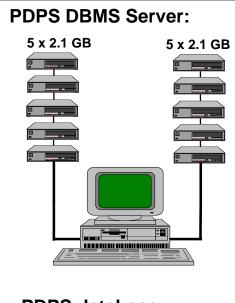


(Production Planner)

Sun 20/71

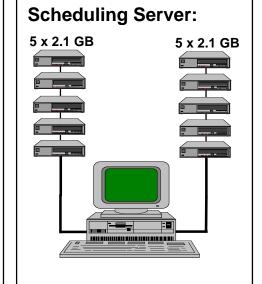


(Resource Planner)
Sun 20/71



- PDPS database
- AutoSys Shadow
   Event Processor
- 4 CPUs
- 2 GB RAM

#### **Scheduling**



- AutoSys Event Processor
- Replicated PDPS DBMS
- 4 CPUs
- 2 GB RAM

#### X terminals



(Production Monitors)

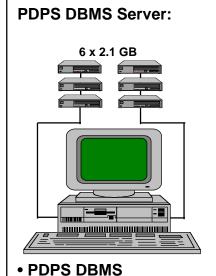
AutoSysGUIs

#### Sun UltraServers

# LaRC Hardware Configuration (and JPL)



**Planning** 

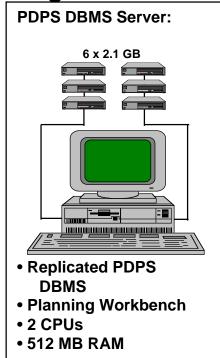


Sun 20/712 (Resource Planner)

Planning Workbench

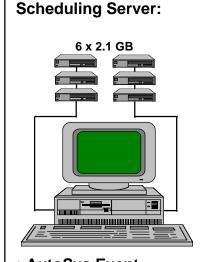
• 2 CPUs

• 512 MB RAM

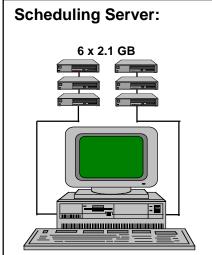


Sun 20/712 (Production Planner)

#### Scheduling



- AutoSys Event
- Processor
- 2 CPUs
- 512 MB RAM



- AutoSys Shadow
   Event Processor
- 2 CPUs
- 512 MB RAM

Sun 20/712

Sun 20/712



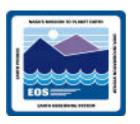
(Production Monitors)

X terminals

AutoSys GUIs

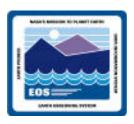


### **Other Considerations**



- External disk used; RAID disk mirroring is not needed with AutoSys high availability option and Sybase replication of the PDPS database
- 2.1 GB disks used instead of 4.2 GB disk in order to provide faster disk access and to provide more "spindles" which allows distribution of Sybase data, log, and index files
- Scheduling X-terminals: a pair of screens is required to properly display the status of production jobs to the user
- Design supports SSI&T access to planning workbench functions

### **Backup and Recovery**



#### **GSFC**

- Scheduling Server machine or disk failure:
  - AutoSys Shadow Event Processor on the PDPS DBMS Server automatically continues to execute the schedule
- PDPS DBMS Server or disk failure:
  - replicated PDPS DBMS on Scheduling Server automatically continues with PDPS DBMS transactions
- Planning Workstation failure:
  - use second workstation for both Production Planning and Resource Planning

#### LaRC

- Scheduling Server machine or disk failure:
  - AutoSys Shadow Event Processor on the other Scheduling Server machine automatically continues to execute the schedule
- PDPS DBMS Server or disk failure:
  - replicated PDPS DBMS on the other PDPS DBMS Server machine automatically continues with PDPS DBMS transactions